

# Belmont

# Copper

Copper was one of the first metals discovered and used by man; and it still finds wide application. Its high thermal and electrical conductivity lets Copper find broad use in both electrical and heating/cooling usage. Copper has outstanding corrosion resistance and is easy to form and fabricate, leading to wide use in fluid handling and plumbing applications.

Good ductility, high conductivity and the ease of joining make Copper the world's #1 choice for the transmission of electrical power to—and through—telephones, televisions, computers, and other electrically powered products that make our lives easier.

Copper is often alloyed with other metals such as Zinc, Silicon, Tin, Nickel, Chromium and Beryllium among others, to produce Brasses and Bronzes that are used to make a wide variety of artistic, jewelry, marine and industrial products.

Copper has always been recycled, and today remains the most widely recycled metal.

#### **Nominal Chemical Composition**

Copper: 99.7% Minimum - 99.9% Minimum - 99.95% Minimum plus Oxygen-Free Grades

#### **Typical Physical Properties**

Unless otherwise stated, measured at room temperature, 68°F (20°C).

| U.S.                         | Metric   |
|------------------------------|--|
| 1981°F                       | 1083°C   |
| 2050°F–2350°F                | 1122°F–1290°C  |
| 0.323 lbs/cu. in.            | 8.94 g/cu. cm.   |
| 8.94                         | 8.94   |
| 226.0 Btu/ft./hr./sq. ft./°F | 391.0 W/m/°K   |
| 100% IACS                    | 100% IACS  |
|                              | 1981°F<br>2050°F–2350°F<br>0.323 lbs/cu. in.<br>8.94<br>226.0 Btu/ft./hr./sq. ft./°F |

#### Typical Mechanical Properties (test bar values - C80100)

Unless otherwise stated, measured at room temperature, 68°F (20°C).

| Property                                   | U.S.              | Metric  |
|--|-------------------|---------|
| Tensile Strength                           | 25000 lbs/sq. in. | 172 MPa |
| Yield Strength 0.5% Extension              | 9000 lbs/sq. in.  | 62 MPa  |
| Elongation in 2 in. (50 mm)                | 40%               | 40%     |
| Brinell Hardness 10 mm ball 500 kg         | 44                | 44      |
| Fatigue Strength at 10 <sup>8</sup> cycles | 9000 lbs/sq. in.  | 62 MPa  |

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# Belmont: The Non Ferrous Specialists

For maximum variety in non ferrous metals, alloys and shapes.

Custom shapes and compositions available.



#### **Casting Technique**

A pure metal, Copper has medium fluidity and needs adequate connection to large risers, so large gates should be used.

#### Melting

Since pure Copper has a strong tendency to dissolve both hydrogen and oxygen, most melting practices suggest that the initial melting be with a "high" oxygen content, to limit the pickup of hydrogen and to oxidize any impurities. Once the metal is at temperature, Belmont's 2% Boron Copper or 2% Lithium Copper can be used to remove the absorbed oxygen prior to pouring. The use of other deoxidizers such as Phosphor Copper, Zinc or Silicon Copper should be avoided, since they will have a significant negative impact on conductivity.

#### **Casting Characteristic**

| Pattern Maker's Shrinkage                                     | 1/4 in./ft. | Gassing                  | High              |
|---|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Effect of Section Size on Soundness and Mechanical Properties | Small       | Fluidity                 | Fair to<br>Medium |
| Drossing  | Low         | Solidification Shrinkage | High              |
|   |             | Casting Yield            | Low               |

#### **Joining**

Suitability for being joined by:

Soldering Excellent
Brazing Excellent

Oxyacetylene Welding Not Recommended

Gas Shielded Arc Welding Fair

Coated Metal Arc Welding Not Recommended

## **Fabrication Properties**

| Property                     | U.S.  | Metric |  |
|------------------------------|-------|--------|--|
| Stress Relieving Temperature | 500°F | 260°C  |  |
| Machinability Rating         |       |        |  |
| (free cutting Brass=100)     | 10    | 10     |  |

### Forms/Shapes Available

Full and cut cathode, pigs, ingots, polished (Jeweler's Grade) and unpolished squares, unpolished and polished (Jeweler's Grade) shot, nuggets.

#### **Patination**

The admired blue-green color is a naturally developing surface patina. Its formation can be accelerated chemically, using one of several approaches. Typically, the final surface requires no protection.

**Note:** The information contained in this data sheet is the most accurate in our possession at the time of publication, and is based on our effort to meet industry references, standards, and specifications. However, Belmont cannot assume responsibility for in-service performance of these products due to our lack of control over, or supervision of, their use.



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